



Cornell University Library

Copyright & Your Research

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Today's Message

There is war going on.. A war over copyright.. And you've been drafted!





What is copyrighted?

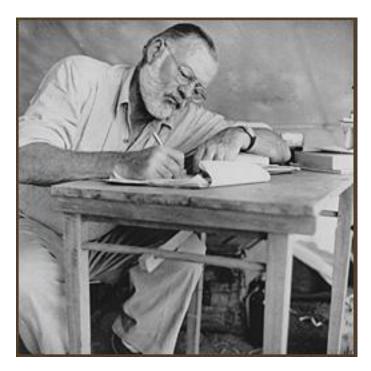
- Original creative expression
 - Not facts
 - Not data
- Not the public domain
- Plagiarism vs. © infringement





Who owns copyright?

- Normally the author
- Exception: work for hire







Work for Hire: 2 types

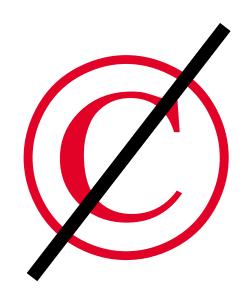
- 1. Employers own work of employees
- 2. Some contracted works





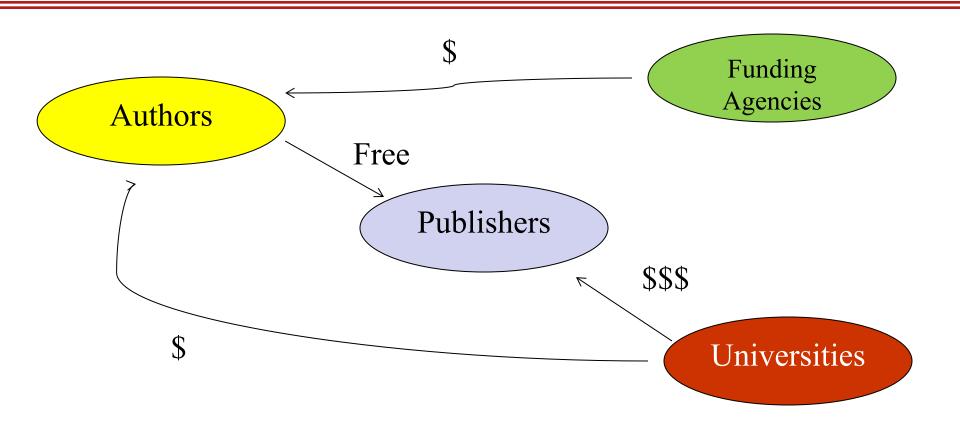
How does one secure copyright protection?

- By fixing an original work of authorship
 - Automatic Protection since 1 March 1989
 - No requirement for notice or registration





Scholarly Communications Workflow





The Cost of Journals

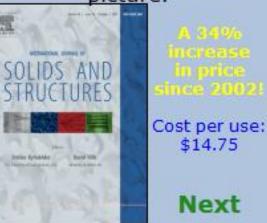


INTRAV



ttp://engineering.library.cornell.edu/about/StickerShock2

The International Journal of Solids and Structures costs **\$7,833**. For that price you could join the Cornell Alumni Trip "Machu Picchu to the Galapagos," book roundtrip airfare from Ithaca to South America, and even buy the digital camera to take this picture.



What do Publishers Want?

- It depends...
 - Sometimes nothing at all
 - Sometimes a license to publish
 - Most often, © transfer



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Publisher Requirements

- Turn over all rights in your work
- No derivative works
- No "competing works"
- Pay to include in your dissertation
- Pay for open access
- Wait until you can make a version available online
- Your first-born child...





Desired Author Rights

- To include all or part of the work in a thesis or dissertation
- To make reproductions for use in teaching, scholarship, and research
- To borrow portions of the work for use in other works
- To make derivative works (movie versions, translations, etc.)
- To alter the work, add to the work, or update the content of the work
- To be identified as the author of the work
- To be informed of any uses, reproductions, or distributions of the work
- To perform or display the work



Desired Author Rights

- To make oral presentation of the material in any forum
- To authorize making materials available to underdeveloped nations for humanitarian purposes
- To grant permission to faculty and students at other universities to use the material
- To archive and preserve the work as part of either a personal or institutional initiative, e.g. in your own web site, an institutional repository, or a subject repository
- To comply with funder mandates
- To determine when and against whom copyright litigation can be brought

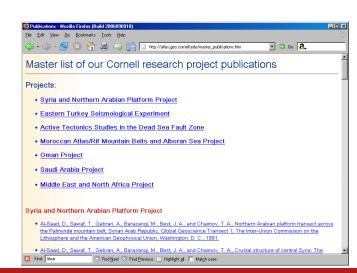
Most of all...

Maximum possible readership



Publishers aren't serious, are they?

- Faculty reuse of work
- 2nd edition...
- Grad student



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Library

- Departmental web site with faculty papers
 - 3 people working for 3 months



Most Troubling Trend...

- Lawsuits over educational use
 - Cambridge U.P. v.
 Becker
 - Cambridge U.P. v.
 Delhi University

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4 Options

- Publish in an open access journal
- Publish in a journal that allows posting to open access repository
- License publication, but keep your ©
- Transfer ©, but keep some rights



Option 1: Open Access Journals

"Open-access (OA) literature is digital, online, free of charge, and free of most copyright and licensing restrictions." *Peter Suber*

--Clay Shirky

OPEN ACCESS

"No one has done more than Peter Suber to explain why free access to academic material benefits both the academy and society."

PETER SUBER

THE MIT PRESS ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE SERIES



Option 1: Open Access Journals

- Use an Open Access journal: "Open-access (OA) literature is digital, online, free of charge, and free of most copyright and licensing restrictions." *Peter Suber*
- Open access may lead to more citations



Open Access at Cornell

• CU Faculty Senate Resolution (2005):

The Senate strongly encourages all faculty, and especially tenured faculty, to consider publishing in open access, rather than restricted access, journals or in reasonably priced journals that make their contents openly accessible shortly after publication



Free Open Access Journals



<http://www.doaj.org/>

9,897 full text, quality controlled scientific and scholarly journals

Most open access journals do not require payment of any kind





Some publishers let you pay for Open Access

- Completely free
 - Example: PLoS, PLoS One
 - Charges: \$1.5K-\$2.5K
- Open Access as an option



- Examples: BMJ, Wiley, Cambridge UP, Amer. Physical Soc., Blackwell
- Removes access fees, but leaves other © restrictions in place
- \$2.7K-\$4K
- New option: PeerJ: \$99-\$259/life membership



Author-Friendly Contracts

MPublishing Model Journal Publishing Agreement Author Copyright

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credit the Journal as the place of first publication.

Option 2: Use an OA repository



Two kinds of repositories:

- 1. Subject-based (ArXiv, Pub Med Central)
- 2. Institutional (D-Scholarship@Pitt)







Some publishers permit deposit

http://www.sherpa.ac.uk/romeo.php

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opening	access	ťO	research

Home | Guidance | Repositories | Projects | Links | About | Contacts

Publisher copyright policies & self-archiving

Journal: Entomologia Experimentalis et Applicata (ISSN: 0013-8703) Publisher: Blackwell Publishing Ltd

SHERP

RoMEO

These summaries are for the publishers *default* policies and changes or exceptions can often be negotiated by authors.

All information is correct to the best of our knowledge but should not be relied upon for legal advice.

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	Restrictions:	 Some journals impose embargoes of 6 or 12 months no listing of affected journals available as yet 			
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Mandates

- NIH requirement
 - All NIH-funded research to PubMed Central
 - Rationale: public is owed access to research it funds
 - See <u>http://www.library.cornell.edu/nihmandate/</u>
- OSTP initiative for other agencies
- Make sure you retain needed rights!





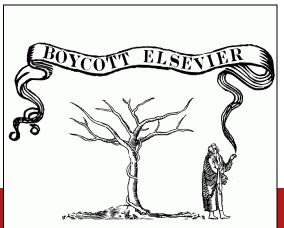
University Mandates

- Harvard, Duke, California
 - Faculty impose deposit requirements on themselves
- Michigan, Virginia
 - University claim ownership as work for hire; transfer to faculty but retain deposit rights
- Applies to post-refereed manuscripts, not published versions



"Academic Spring," 2012

- Publishers tried to outlaw government mandates
 - Research Works Act
- Result: "Boycott Elsevier" campaign
 - <u>http://thecostofknowledge.com/</u>
 - 12,000+ scientists
 refuse to publish in
 Elsevier journals





Option 3: 1st Publication License

- Retain ownership of your ©, but license to the publisher the rights it needs
 - UK Study: 20% of publishers have this as an option
 - Another 21% will make it an option if you ask



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Rewrite the contract

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Working title of article: Learning to live with risk

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Option 4: Use an Author's Addenda

- Standardized way to get the terms you want.
- Science Commons Scholar's Copyright Engine http://scholars.sciencecommons.org/
 - generates legal addendum



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(Date)



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Summary

- Read your contracts!
- Ask for the rights you want
- There are lots of easy options:
 - Pick the right publisher
 - Deposit in an OA repository
 - Grant a publication license
 - Use an author's addenda



Most of all...





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Credits

- "I want you": <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:I want you.jpg</u>
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- Hemingway: <u>https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Ernest Hemingway Writing at Camp</u> <u>site in Kenya - NARA - 192655.jpg</u>
- Kheel Center image 5780PB31F12I. Collector/Donor: UNITE HERE Description: Men and women sewing by hand, while other men appear to be overseeing work Date: 1910?
- [Charlie David standing in front of a motion picture camera in a room, dark exposure]. Chicago Daily News negatives collection, DN-0003451. Courtesy of Chicago History Museum. http://hdl.loc.gov/loc.ndlpcoop/ichicdn.n086172
- <u>http://ipoliticom.com/wp-content/uploads/2009/11/walk-the-plank.jpg</u>
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