The evolutionary potential of the determinants of species coexistence

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Motivation

- Our understanding of biodiversity remains limited by a lack of studies that test interactions between ecological and evolutionary forces that dictate the creation and maintenance of biodiversity.
- **Competition among species can cause them to** evolve. Yet, we do not understand why this evolution sometimes promotes or sometimes hinders the coexistence of these species.

Context

- Most current research is retrospective, observational, and lacks rigorous evaluations of the impacts evolution on species coexistence.
- Using 2 species of duckweed, rapidly reproducing aquatic plants, we will conduct manipulative studies at large scales.

Project Description

- Quantify how natural populations differ in the determinants of species coexistence, and their evolutionary potential.
- Experimental evolution in the field to test how evolution alters the determinants of species coexistence
- **Create synthetic populations to tease apart the** mechanism driving evolution



Experimentally test why evolution in response to competition sometimes promotes or hinders species coexistence.



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Project Deliverables

- Quantification of genotypic diversity among single and mixed species communities.
- Estimates of genetic variation in the determinants of species coexistence.
- Experimentally controlled and replicated tests of the impact of evolution on species coexistence.
- **Relative importance of various ecological and** evolutionary drivers in dictating why evolution harms or promotes coexistence.

Potential Impact

• Provides new understanding, and rare experimental tests, of the fundamental interactions between community and evolutionary ecology that together dictate the maintenance and creation of biological diversity.

References and/or Acknowledgements

- Turcotte Lab
- Simon Hart
- Jonathan Levine
- Relevant manuscript: Hart, S. P., Turcotte, M. M., & Levine, J. M. (2019). Effects of rapid evolution on species coexistence. PNAS, 33, 201816298.